

PARENTS/STAFF AT HOME PRESCREENING HEALTH AND SAFETY PROTOCOLS

FOR ANY INPERSON LEARNING DAY

UPDATED 9.1.2020 based on MDH Guidance update on 8.31.2020

Temperature - Students

Families are encouraged to take their child's temperature before sending them to school. Students with a fever of 100.4 F or higher should not go to school. If your child has a fever, you need to consider him or her contagious. Please do not give your child medicine to reduce their fever and then send him/her to school. Students must be free of fever without medicine for 24 HOURS before returning to school.

Temperature - Staff

Staff will be required to complete daily self-reporting to verify they are asymptomatic when entering the school building. Employees with a fever of 100.4 F or higher should not return or enter their worksite. Staff are also informed to not take medicine to reduce their fever in order to come to school.

PRESCREENING - Students and Staff

We ask that families and staff conduct the daily health screening below.

AT HOME PRESCREENING QUESTIONNAIRE

Parents are asked to review this daily health screener with their child before sending their child to school. If your child has medical conditions that assimilate these symptoms, please document on your child's health questionnaire and contact the school nurse. [MDH Exclusion Guidance 8.31.2020](#)

(Parents do not need to send the questionnaire to school)

HAVE YOU HAD ANY OF THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS SINCE THE LAST TIME YOU WERE AT SCHOOL THAT YOU CANNOT ATTRIBUTE TO ANOTHER HEALTH CONDITION?

MORE COMMON

- Fever of 100.4
- New onset and/or worsening cough
- Difficulty breathing
- New loss of taste and/or smell



If **YES** to **(1)** one more common symptoms **STOP!**
Do not send your child to school. Inform the school of your child's absence. Families may consult your healthcare provider. see [MDH Exclusion Guidance 8.31.2020](#)



Or

LESS COMMON

- Sore throat
- Nausea
- Vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Chills
- Muscle pain
- Excessive fatigue
- New onset of severe headache
- New onset of nasal congestion/runny nose



If **YES** to **(2)** two less common symptoms **STOP!**
Do not send your child to school. Inform the school of your child's absence. Families may consult your healthcare provider.



Can you attribute a new symptom to a pre-existing health condition or current known illness. If not, MDH recommends staying home and consult your healthcare provider. see [MDH Exclusion Guidance 8.31.2020](#)